MICROBIOLOGY AND MOLECULAR GENETICS

MMG

Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics College of Natural Science

141 Introductory Human Genetics

Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) R: Not open to students in the Biochemistry and Molecular Biology major or in the Biological Science Major or in the Biomedical Laboratory Science Major or in the Clinical Laboratory Sciences Major or in the Environmental Biology/Microbiology Major or in the Environmental Biology/Plant Biology Major or in the Environmental Biology/Zoology Major or in the Genomics and Molecular Genetics Major or in the Human Biology Major or in the Microbiology Major or in the Neuroscience Major or in the Physiology Major or in the Plant Biology Major or in the Zoology Major and not open to students in the Lyman Briggs Biochemistry and Molecular Biology Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Biological Science-Interde-partmental Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Biomedical Laboratory Science Coor-dinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Environmental Biology/Plant Biology Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Environmental/Biology/Microbiology Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Environmental Biology/Zoology Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Genomics and Molecular Genetics Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Human Biology Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Neuroscience Major or in the Lyman Briggs Microbiology Coordinate Major. SA: ZOL 141 Not open to students with credit in IBIO 341.

Inheritance of human traits. Impact of genetic technology on society. Ethical and legal issues. Risks and benefits of genetic technology.

161 Cell and Molecular Biology

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Biochemistry and Molecular Biology and Biological Science. Administered by Biological Science. P: (CEM 141 or concur-rently) or (CEM 151 or concurrently) or (LB 171 or concurrently) or (CEM 181H or con-currently) SA: BS 111, BS 149H Not open to students with credit in BS 181H or LB 145.

Macromolecular synthesis. Energy metabolism. Molecular aspects of development. Molecular genetics.

Cell and Molecular Biology Laboratory 171

Fall, Spring, Summer. 2(1-3) Interdepartmental with Biochemistry and Molecular Biology and Biological Science. Administered by Biological Science. P: (BS 161 or concurrently) or (BS 181H or concurrently) SA: BS 111L, BS 159H Not open to students with credit in BS 191H or LB 145.

Principles and applications of common techniques used in cell and molecular biology.

181H Honors Cell and Molecular Biology

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Biochemistry and Molecular Biology and Biological Science and Lyman Briggs. Administered by Biological Science. P: (CEM 141 or concurrently) or (CEM 151 or concurrently) or (CEM 181H or concurrently) or (LB 171 or concurrently) SA: BS 149H, BS 111 Not open to students with credit in BS 161 or LB 145.

Physicochemical and molecular organization of cells as the unifying framework for genetics, evolution, and the social relevance of biology.

Honors Cell and Molecular Biology 191H Laboratory

Spring. 2(1-3) Interdepartmental with Bio-chemistry and Molecular Biology and Biological Science and Lyman Briggs. Administered by Biological Science. P: BS 181H or concurrently SA: BS 159H Not open to students with credit in LB 145.

Basic techniques of cellular and molecular biology including experimental design and hypothesis formulation; biochemistry, molecular biology and genetics.

201 Fundamentals of Microbiology

Spring. 3(3-0) RB: (CEM 141 or ISP 207 or ISP 209 or ISP 217 or LB 171) and (BS 161 or BS 181H or LB 145) SA: MMG 105, MMG 205

Microbial structure, function, growth, control, and diversity. Role of microbes in health, industry, and the environment.

301 Introductory Microbiology

Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) P: (BS 161 or LB 145 or BS 181H) and ((CEM 251 or concurrently) or (CEM 351 or concurrently) or (CEM 143 or concurrently)) SA: MIC 301

Fundamentals of microbiology, including microbial structure and function, nutrition and growth, death and control. Importance and applications of major microbial groups.

302 Introductory Laboratory for General and Allied Health Microbiology Spring. 1(0-3) P: (MMG 201 or concurrently)

or (MMG 301 or concurrently) SA: MIC 302 Methodology of microbiology. Microscopy, staining, aseptic technique, media, quantification, diagnostics, and laboratory safety.

Introduction to Bioinformatics 400

Fall of even years. 3(2-2) Interdepartmental with Biochemistry and Molecular Biology and Plant Biology. Administered by Plant Biology. P: (STT 200 or STT 201 or STT 231 or ST 421) and (PLB 203 or MMG 201 or BMB 200 or BS 161) RB: An introductory biology course covering basic genetics, macromolecules, evolution, energy metabolism, genetic materials, and signal transduction is recommended for non-biology majors. A statistics course covering random variable, distributions, and basic probability theory is recommended for biology majors.

Managing and analyzing biological data with bioinformatic tools, basic programming, and statistics.

404 **Human Genetics**

Fall. 3(3-0) P: IBIO 341 SA: ZOL 344, ZOL 404

Inheritance of human traits. Medical, molecular, physiological and forensic applications. Biochemical, clinical, and molecular genetics of human disease. Prenatal, pre-symptomatic, and clinical diagnosis. Ethical, legal and social considerations.

408

Advanced Microbiology Laboratory (W) Fall. 3(1-6) P: (MMG 302 and (MMG 431 or concurrently)) and completion of Tier I writing requirement R: Open to students in the Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics or in the Genetics Major or in the Environmental Biology/Microbiology Major or in the Microbiology Major. SA: MPH 408

Microbiological techniques and procedures to study physiology and genetics of bacteria and bacteriophages. Collection and critical assessment of quantitative data and written communication of results.

409 **Eukaryotic Cell Biology**

Spring. 3(3-0) P: (BS 161 or LB 145 or BS 181H) and ((BMB 401 or concurrently) or (BMB 462 or concurrently)) SA: MIC 403, MPH 403

Structure and function of nucleated cells. Emphasis on the molecular mechanisms that underlie cell processes.

Virology 413

Spring. 3(3-0) P: (BMB 462 or concurrently) or BMB 401

Viruses and modern molecular biology. Viral replication and gene expression of the major classes of viruses. Virus-cell interactions and viral diseases.

Prokaryotic Cell Physiology 421

Fall. 3(3-0) P: (MMG 301 and (BMB 461 or concurrently)) or (MMG 301 and (BMB 401 or concurrently)) SA: MIC 401, MPH 401

Prokaryotic cell structure and function. Growth and replication. Macromolecular synthesis and control.

Microbial Ecology 425

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Crop and Soil Sciences. Administered by Microbiology and Molecular Genetics. RB: MMG 301 SA: MPH 425

Microbial population and community interactions. Microbial activities in natural systems, including associations with plants or animals.

Microbial Genetics 431

Fall. 3(3-0) P: (BMB 461 or concurrently) or (BMB 401 or concurrently) RB: MMG 301 or ZOL 341 SA: MIC 401, MPH 401

Genetics of bacteria, their viruses, plasmids, and transposons. Emphasis on genetic principles.

433

Microbial Genomics Spring. 3(3-0) P: (MMG 431) RB: (MMG 421 or BMB 461) and CSE 101

Structure of microbial genomes and implications for growth and evolution of bacteria and fungi. Computer analysis of genome sequence databases. Applications to gene expression and phylogenetic analysis.

434 Laboratory in Genomics and Molecular Genetics (W)

Spring. 4(1-8) P: (MMG 301 and (MMG 433 or concurrently)) and completion of Tier I writing requirement R: Open to students in the Genomics and Molecular Genetics Major or in the Lyman Briggs Genomics and Molecular Genetics Coordinate Major.

Genomics and molecular genetic techniques using microbes. Collection and critical assessment of quantitative data and written communication of results.

Geomicrobiology 435

Fall. 4(3-2) Interdepartmental with Geologi-cal Sciences. Administered by Geological Sciences. RB: GLG 201 or MMG 201 or BS 161 or LB 145 Di George 161 or LB 145 R: Open to juniors or seniors or graduate students in the College of Natural Science or in the Lyman Briggs College.

Geological and microbiological perspectives on microbial activities in diverse environmental settings, including geological change mediated by microorganisms, microbial evolution driven by geologically diverse habitats, including the evolution of life on Earth, the search for life on other planets, the study of life in extreme environments, and industrial applications of geomicrobiology.

440 Food Microbiology

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Food Science. Administered by Food Science. P: (MMG 201 or MMG 301) and completion of Tier I writing requirement. R: Not open to freshmen

Major groups of microorganisms of importance to the food industry. Ecological, physiological, and public health aspects.

441 Food Microbiology Laboratory

Spring. 2(0-4) Interdepartmental with Food Science. Administered by Food Science. P: (FSC 440 or concurrently) and completion of Tier I writing requirement. RB: MMG 302 SA: MPH 441

Methods for studying major groups of microorgan-isms important to the food industry. Isolation, enumeration, characterization, identification, and use of microorganisms.

Microbial Biotechnology (W) 445

Fall, Summer. 3(3-0) P: (MMG 301 or BMB 461 or BMB 401) and completion of Tier I writing requirement SA: MIC 445

Applications of microbial products and processes in areas such as biopharmaceuticals, bioremediation, biocatalysis and other green chemistries.

451

Immunology Fall. 3(3-0) P: (BS 161 or LB 145 or BS 181H) and ((BMB 401 or concurrently) or (BMB 461 or concurrently)) Not open to students with credit in BLD 434.

Structure and function of molecules involved in immune responses. Quantification of immune responses and cellular participants. Immunologic abnormalities. Immunotherapy. Experimental approaches to dissection of immune functions.

Molecular Pathogenesis 461

Spring of even years. 3(3-0) P: (MMG 301) RB: MMG 431 SA: MPH 461

Molecular basis of microbial virulence. Nature of determinants and their role in overcoming host defense mechanisms

463 Medical Microbiology

Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Biomedical Laboratory Diagnostics. Administered by Microbiology and Molecular Genetics. P: MMG 301 or (MMG 201 and BS 161) or (MMG 201 and LB 145) or (MMG 201 and BS 181H) RB: MMG 451 or BLD 434 R: Open to juniors or seniors in the Biomedical Laboratory Diagnostics Program or in the Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics or in the Biomedical Laboratory Science Major or in the Lyman Briggs Biomedical Labor-atory Science Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Environmental/Biology/Micro-biology Coordinate Major or in the Environ-mental Biology/Microbiology Major or in the Genomics and Molecular Genetics Major or in the Lyman Briggs Genomics and Molecular Genetics Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Human Biology Coordinate Major or in the Human Biology Major or in the Microbiology Major or in the Lyman Briggs Microbiology Coordinate Major. SA: MIC 463

Properties of pathogenic bacteria and viruses and their mechanisms of pathogenicity and clinical diagnoses.

Diagnostic Microbiology Laboratory 464

Fall. 2(0-4) Interdepartmental with Biomedical Laboratory Diagnostics. Administered by Microbiology and Molecular Genetics. P: MMG 463 or concurrently R: Open to juniors or seniors in the Biomedical Laboratory Diag-nostics Program or in the Department of Mi-crobiology and Molecular Genetics or in the Lyman Briggs Biomedical Laboratory Sci-ence Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Genomics and Molecular Genetics Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Microbiology Coordinate Major. SA: MIC 464

Clinical laboratory diagnostic procedures for the identification of pathogenic microbes.

490 Special Problems in Microbiology

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 3 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Approval of department.

Library research or tutorial instruction in advanced laboratory techniques.

Current Topics in Microbiology and Molecular Genetics 491

Spring. 3(4-0) R: Open to seniors in the Lyman Briggs College or in the Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics or in the Lyman Briggs Genomics and Molecular Genetics Coordinate Major. SA: MIC 491

Capstone experience for microbiology majors. Presentation and discussion of journal articles. Writing of position papers. Topics such as microbial physiology, ecology, genetics, molecular biology, virology, immunology, or pathogenesis.

Undergraduate Research Seminar 492

Spring. 1(2-0) P: MMG 499 or MMG 499H R: Open to students in the Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics or in the Lyman Briggs Genomics and Molecular Genetics Coordinate Major. SA: MIC 492

Presentation and group discussion of undergraduate research results.

499 Undergraduate Research

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 3 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open to students in the Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics or in the Lyman Briggs Environmental/Biology/Microbiology Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Genomics and Molecular Genetics Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Microbiology Coordinate Maior, SA: MIC 499

Participation in a laboratory research project.

499H Honors Research

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 3 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open to stu-dents in the Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics or in the Lyman Briggs Environmental/Biology/Microbiology Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Genomics and Molecular Genetics Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Microbiology Coordinate Major. SA: MIC 499H

Research project with thesis and oral report. A portion of Microbiology or Genomics and Molecular Genetics capstone experience.

522 Medical Microbiology and Immunology Spring. 5(4-2) R: Open to graduate-profes-sional students in the College of Osteopathic Medicine or in the College of Human Medicine

Basic principles of microbiology (bacteriology, virology, mycology and parasitology) and immunology and their relation to disease in humans.

531 Medical Immunology

Fall. 2(2-0) R: Open to graduate-professional students in the College of Osteopathic Medicine

Basic principles of immunology. Overview of concepts and terminology in relation to human disease defenses

532 Medical Microbiology

Fall. 2(1-2) R: Open to graduate-professional students in the College of Osteopathic Medicine.

Basic principles of microbiology including bacteriol-ogy, virology, mycology, and parasitology and their relationship to disease in humans.

Principles of Cell Biology and 539 Pathophysiology

Fall. 4(3-2) Interdepartmental with Human Anatomy and Biochemistry and Molecular Biology and Physiology. Administered by Physiology. R: Open to graduate-professional students in the College of Osteopathic Medicine.

Modern concepts of human cell biology as a basis for understanding integration of structure (histology) and function (physiology) in health and disease (pathology). Introduction to adaptive growth response, cell injury, inflammation, hemodynamic disorders, and tissue repair.

559 Veterinary Microbiology and Immunology Fall. 4(4-0) R: Open to graduate-professional students in the College of Veterinary Medi-

cine. SA: MMG 561, MMG 567, MMG 569 Medically important properties of veterinary pathogens. Principles of positive and negative host response.

563 Veterinary Pathogenic Microbiology: Bacteria and Fungi

Fall. 3(3-0) RB: Completion of Year 1 of the graduate-professional program in the College of Veterinary Medicine. R: Open to graduate-professional students in the College of Veterinary Medicine. SA: MMG 567

Etiology, pathogenesis, transmission, pathogenicity, host response, therapy, and control of bacterial and fungal diseases of animals.

565 Veterinary Pathogenic Microbiology: Viruses

Spring. 2(2-0) RB: Completion of Year 1 of the graduate-professional program in the College of Veterinary Medicine. R: Open to graduate-professional students in the College of Veterinary Medicine. SA: MMG 569

Etiology, pathogenesis, pathogenicity, transmission, diagnosis, host response, therapy, and control of selected viral diseases of animals.

571 Veterinary Pathogenic Microbiology: Parasites

Spring. 3(2-2) R: Open to graduate-professional students in the College of Veterinary Medicine. SA: MMG 569

Etiology, pathogenesis, transmission, pathogenicity, diagnosis, host response, therapy, and control of selected parasitic diseases of animals.

660 Veterinary Clinical Bacteriology Clerkship

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3 credits. RB: Completion of semester 5 of the graduate-professional program in the College of Veterinary Medicine.

Guided clinical bacteriology experience.

662 Clinical Veterinary Virology Clerkship

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3 credits. RB: Completion of semester 5 of the graduate-professional program in the College of Veterinary Medicine.

Guided clinical virology experience.

664 Veterinary Clinical Parasitology Clerkship

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3 credits. RB: Completion of semester 5 of the graduate-professional program in the College of Veterinary Medicine.

Guided clinical parasitology experience.

690 Veterinary Microbiology Clerkship

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 6 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. RB: Completion of 5 semesters of the graduate-professional program in the College of Veterinary Medicine. SA: MPH 690

Laboratory-based investigation of microbiological problems pertinent to veterinary medicine.

801 Integrative Microbial Biology

Fall. 4(4-0) Not open to students with credit in MMG 821 or MMG 829 or MMG 841 or MMG 827.

Structural, metabolic, phylogenetic, and genomic diversity of microbes and microbial communities. Microbial ecology, evolution, and behavior. Regulation of gene expression. Microbial interactions with other microbes, animals, or plants

803 Topics in Integrative Microbial Biology

Fall, Spring. 2(2-0) A student may earn a maximum of 10 credits in all enrollments for this course. P: MMG 801 or concurrently

In-depth study of a particular topic from integrative microbial biology.

810 Theories and Practices in Bioinformatics

Fall of even years. 3(2-2) Interdepartmental with Biochemistry and Molecular Biology and Plant Biology. Administered by Plant Biology. RB: Basic genetics, macromolecules, evolution, energy metabolism, genetic materials, and signal transduction is recommended for non-biology majors. A statistics course covering random variable, distributions, and basic probability theory is recommended for biology majors.

Theories and algorithms behind bioinformatics tools. Basic tool development by writing scripts in the Python programming language for data analysis.

813 Molecular Virology

Spring of even years. 3(3-0) R: Open only to graduate students in the Colleges of Human Medicine, Osteopathic Medicine, Veterinary Medicine, Natural Science, and Agriculture and Natural Resources. SA: MPH 813

Molecular nature and biochemistry of replication of animal viruses. Current advances, research concepts, and the role of viruses in molecular biology research.

825 Cell Structure and Function

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Biochemistry and Molecular Biology and Physiology. Administered by Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. RB: BMB 401 or BMB 461. SA: BCH 825

Molecular basis of structure and function. Cell properties: reproduction, dynamic organization, integration, programmed and integrative information transfer. Original investigations in all five kingdoms.

833 Microbial Genetics

Fall. 3(3-0) R: Open only to graduate students in the Colleges of Human Medicine, Osteopathic Medicine, Veterinary Medicine, Natural Science, and Agriculture and Natural Resources. SA: MPH 833

Gene structure and function. Genetic regulation at classical and molecular levels in prokaryotes and lower eukaryotes.

835 Eukaryotic Molecular Genetics

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Genetics. Administered by Microbiology and Molecular Genetics. RB: BMB 462 and ZOL 341 R: Open only to graduate students in the colleges of Agriculture and Natural Resources, Engineering, Human Medicine, Natural Science, Osteopathic Medicine, and Veterinary Medicine.

Gene structure and function in animals, plants, and fungi. Basic aspects of modern human genetics and the genetic basis for disease. Molecular genetic analyses. Eukaryotic modeling systems.

845 Multi-disciplinary Research Methods for the Study of Evolution

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Computer Science and Engineering and Zoology. Administered by Computer Science and Engineering.

Techniques for engaging in multi-disciplinary research collaborations, including biology, computer science, and engineering. Students engage in group projects to answer fundamental questions about the dynamics of actively evolving systems including both natural and computational. Multi-disciplinary teams will learn to overcome discipline-specific language and conceptual issues. Experimental design, statistical analysis, data visualization, and paper and grant writing for multi-disciplinary audiences.

851 Immunology

Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) R: Open only to graduate students in the Colleges of Human Medicine, Osteopathic Medicine, Veterinary Medicine, Natural Science, and Agriculture and Natural Resources. SA: MPH 851

Functional aspects of immune responses; synthesis, structure, and function of effector molecules; cell-cell interactions; current advances and research techniques.

855 Molecular Evolution: Principles and Techniques

Fall of odd years. 3(2-2) Interdepartmental with Integrative Biology and Plant Biology. Administered by Integrative Biology. RB: IBIO 341 or IBIO 445 SA: ZOL 855

Current techniques used to characterize and compare genes and genomes. Genetic variation, assays of variation. Data analysis and computer use to conduct a phylogenetic analysis to compare organisms and infer relationships.

861 Advanced Microbial Pathogenesis

Spring of odd years. 3(3-0) RB: MMG 461 or MMG 409

Molecular basis of microbial virulence. Virulence factors of microorganisms and the relationship of these factors to disease; host-pathogen interactions.

890 Special Problems in Microbiology

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 6 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 16 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open to master's students in the Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics. SA: MIC 890

Individualized laboratory or library research.

892 Seminar

Fall, Spring. 1(1-0) A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open only to graduate students in the College of Agriculture and Natural Resources or College of Engineering or College of Human Medicine or College of Natural Science or College of Osteopathic Medicine or College of Veterinary Medicine. SA: MPH 892

Student review and presentation of selected topics in microbiology and public health.

899 Master's Thesis Research

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 12 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 36 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open only to graduate students in the Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics. SA: MPH 899

Master's thesis research.

991

Topics in Microbiology Fall, Spring. 1 to 3 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. SA: MPH 991

Topics are selected from traditional subdisciplines such as bacteriology, virology, cell biology, and im-munology or from transecting subdisciplines such as microbial genetics, physiology, molecular biology and ecology.

999

Doctoral Dissertation Research Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 24 credits. A stu-dent may earn a maximum of 36 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open to grad-uate students in the Genetics Major or in the Microbiology and Molecular Genetics Major. al dissertion research

Doctoral dissertation research.