### MICROBIOLOGY **MMG** AND MOLECULAR GENETICS

### **Department of Microbiology** and Molecular Genetics **College of Natural Science**

#### Frontiers of Microbiology and Molecular 103 Genetics

Spring. 1(2-0) R: Open to freshmen or sophomores.

Current microbiology research. Significance to modern biological science and impact on society.

### **Cell and Molecular Biology**

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Biochemistry and Molecular Biology and Biological Science. Administered by Biological Science. P: (CEM 141 or concurrently) or (CEM 151 or concurrently) or (LB 171 or concurrently) or (CEM 181H or concurrently) SA: BS 111, BS 149H Not open to students with credit in BS 181H or LB 145.

Macromolecular synthesis. Energy metabolism. Molecular aspects of development. Molecular genet-

#### 171 **Cell and Molecular Biology Laboratory**

Fall, Spring, Summer. 2(1-3) Interdepart-mental with Biochemistry and Molecular Biology and Biological Science. Administered by Biological Science. P: (BS 161 or concurrently) or (BS 181H or concurrently) SA: BS 111L, BS 159H Not open to students with credit in BS 191H or LB 145.

Principles and applications of common techniques used in cell and molecular biology.

### Honors Cell and Molecular Biology

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Biochemistry and Molecular Biology and Biological Science and Lyman Briggs. Administered by Biological Science. P: (CEM 141 or concurrently) or (CEM 151 or concurrently) or (CEM 181H or concurrently) or (LB 171 or concurrently) SA: BS 149H, BS 111 Not open to students with credit in BS 161 or LB 145.

Physicochemical and molecular organization of cells as the unifying framework for genetics, evolution, and the social relevance of biology.

### **Honors Cell and Molecular Biology** Laboratory

Spring. 2(1-3) Interdepartmental with Biochemistry and Molecular Biology and Biological Science and Lyman Briggs. Administered by Biological Science. P: BS 181H or concurrently SA: BS 159H, BS 111L Not open to students with credit in BS 171 or LB

Basic techniques of cellular and molecular biology including experimental design and hypothesis formulation; biochemistry, molecular biology and genetics

#### **Fundamentals of Microbiology** 201

Spring. 3(3-0) RB: (CEM 141 or ISP 207 or ISP 209 or ISP 217 or LB 171) and (BS 161 or BS 181H or LB 145) SA: MMG 105, MMG 205

Microbial structure, function, growth, control, and diversity. Role of microbes in health, industry, and the environment.

#### 301 **Introductory Microbiology**

Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) P: (BS 161 or LB 145 or BS 181H) and ((CEM 251 or concurrently) or (CEM 351 or concurrently) or (CEM 143 or concurrently)) SA: MIC 301

Fundamentals of microbiology, including microbial structure and function, nutrition and growth, death and control. Importance and applications of major microbial groups.

#### 302 Introductory Laboratory for General and Allied Health Microbiology

Spring. 1(0-3) P: (MMG 201 or concurrently) or (MMG 301 or concurrently) SA: MIC 302

Methodology of microbiology. Microscopy, staining, aseptic technique, media, quantification, diagnostics, and laboratory safety.

### Introduction to Bioinformatics

Spring of odd years. 3(2-2) Interdepartmental with Biochemistry and Molecular Biology and Plant Biology. Administered by Plant Biology. P: (STT 200 or STT 201 or STT 231 or STT 421) and (PLB 203 or MMG 201 or BMB 200) RB: An introductory biology course covering basic genetics, macromolecules, evolution, energy metabolism, genetic materials, and signal transduction is recommended for non-biology majors. A statistic course covering random variable, distributions, and basic probability theory is recommended for biology majors.

Bioinformatic theory and practice. How to manage and analyze sequences, structures, gene expression, and other types of biological data.

#### **Human Genetics** 404

Fall. 3(3-0) P: ZOL 341 SA: ZOL 344, ZOL 404

Inheritance of human traits. Medical, molecular, physiological and forensic applications. Biochemical, clinical, and molecular genetics of human disease. Prenatal, pre-symptomatic, and clinical diag-Ethical, legal and social considerations

### Advanced Microbiology Laboratory (W)

Fall. 3(1-6) P: (MMG 302 and (MMG 431 or concurrently)) and completion of Tier I writing requirement R: Open to students in the Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics or in the Genetics Major or in the Environmental Biology/Microbiology Major or in the Microbiology Major. SA: MPH 408

Microbiological techniques and procedures to study physiology and genetics of bacteria and bacteriophages. Collection and critical assessment of quantitative data and written communication of results.

#### 409 **Eukaryotic Cell Biology**

Spring. 3(3-0) P: (BS 161 or LB 145 or BS 181H) and ((BMB 401 or concurrently) or (BMB 462 or concurrently)) SA: MIC 403, MPH 403

Structure and function of nucleated cells. Emphasis on the molecular mechanisms that underlie cell

### Virology

Spring. 3(3-0) P: (BMB 462 or concurrently) or BMB 401

Viruses and modern molecular biology. Viral replication and gene expression of the major classes of viruses. Virus-cell interactions and viral diseases.

#### Prokaryotic Cell Physiology 421

Fall. 3(3-0) P: (MMG 301 and (BMB 461 or concurrently)) or (MMG 301 and (BMB 401 or concurrently)) SA: MIC 401, MPH 401

Prokaryotic cell structure and function. Growth and replication. Macromolecular synthesis and control.

#### 425 Microbial Ecology

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Crop and Soil Sciences. Administered by Microbiology and Molecular Genetics. RB: MMG 301 SA: MPH 425

Microbial population and community interactions. Microbial activities in natural systems, including associations with plants or animals.

### **Microbial Genetics**

Fall. 3(3-0) P: (BMB 461 or concurrently) or (BMB 401 or concurrently) RB: MMG 301 or ZOL 341 SA: MIC 401, MPH 401

Genetics of bacteria, their viruses, plasmids, and transposons. Emphasis on genetic principles.

Microbial Genomics Spring. 3(3-0) P: (MMG 431) RB: (MMG 421 or BMB 461) and CSE 101

Structure of microbial genomes and implications for growth and evolution of bacteria and fungi. Computer analysis of genome sequence databases. Applications to gene expression and phylogenetic analy-

### Laboratory in Genomics and Molecular Genetics (W)

Spring. 4(1-8) P: (MMG 301 and (MMG 433 or concurrently)) and completion of Tier I writing requirement R: Open to students in the Genomics and Molecular Genetics Major or in the Lyman Briggs Genomics and Molecular Genetics Coordinate Major.

Genomics and molecular genetic techniques using microbes. Collection and critical assessment of quantitative data and written communication of results.

#### **Food Microbiology** 440

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Food Science. Administered by Food Science. P: (MMG 201 or MMG 301) and completion of Tier I writing requirement. R: Not open to freshmen.

Major groups of microorganisms of importance to the food industry. Ecological, physiological, and public health aspects.

Food Microbiology Laboratory Spring. 2(0-4) Interdepartmental with Food Science. Administered by Food Science. P: (FSC 440 or concurrently) and completion of Tier I writing requirement. RB: MMG 302 SA: MPH 441

Methods for studying major groups of microorganisms important to the food industry. Isolation, enumeration, characterization, identification, and use of microorganisms.

#### Microbial Biotechnology (W) 445

Fall, Summer. 3(3-0) P: (MMG 301 or BMB 461 or BMB 401) and completion of Tier I writing requirement SA: MIC 445

Applications of microbial products and processes in areas such as biopharmaceuticals, bioremediation, biocatalysis and other green chemistries.

# Immunology

Fall. 3(3-0) P: (BS 161 or LB 145 or BS 181H) and ((BMB 401 or concurrently) or (BMB 461 or concurrently)) Not open to students with credit in BLD 434.

Structure and function of molecules involved in immune responses. Quantification of immune responses and cellular participants. Immunologic Immunotherapy. Experimental ap-dissection of immune functions. abnormalities. proaches to

#### 461 **Molecular Pathogenesis**

Spring of even years. 3(3-0) P: (MMG 301) RB: MMG 431 SA: MPH 461

Molecular basis of microbial virulence. Nature of determinants and their role in overcoming host defense mechanisms.

#### **Medical Microbiology** 463

Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Biomedical Laboratory Diagnostics. Administered by Microbiology and Molecular Genetics. P: MMG 301 or (MMG 201 and BS 161) or (MMG 201 and LB 145) or (MMG 201 and BS 161) or (MMG 201 and BS 181H) RB: MMG 451 or BLD 434 R: Open to juniors or seniors in the Biomedical Laboratory Diagnostics Program or in the Department of Microbiology and Molecular Canadian are in the Biomedical Laboratory. Genetics or in the Biomedical Laboratory Science Major or in the Lyman Briggs Biomedical Laboratory Science Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Environmental/Biology/Microbiology Coordinate Major or in the Environmental Biology/Microbiology Major or in the Genomics and Molecular Genetics Major or in the Lyman Briggs Genomics and Molecular Genetics Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Human Biology Coordinate Major or in the Human Biology Major or in the Microbiology Major or in the Lyman Briggs Microbiology Coordinate Major. SA: MIC 463

Properties of pathogenic bacteria and viruses and their mechanisms of pathogenicity and clinical diagnoses.

#### 464 **Diagnostic Microbiology Laboratory**

Fall. 2(0-4) Interdepartmental with Biomedical Laboratory Diagnostics. Administered by Microbiology and Molecular Genetics. P: MMG 463 or concurrently R: Open to juniors or seniors in the Biomedical Laboratory Diagnostics Program or in the Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics or in the Lyman Briggs Biomedical Laboratory Science Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Genomics and Molecular Genetics Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Microbiology Coordinate Major. SA: MIC

Clinical laboratory diagnostic procedures for the identification of pathogenic microbes.

#### Special Problems in Microbiology 490

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 3 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Approval of department.

Library research or tutorial instruction in advanced laboratory techniques.

#### 491 **Current Topics in Microbiology and** Molecular Genetics

Spring. 3(4-0) R: Open to seniors in the Lyman Briggs College or in the Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics or in the Lyman Briggs Genomics and Molecular Genetics Coordinate Major. SA: MIC 491

Capstone experience for microbiology majors. Presentation and discussion of journal articles. Writing of position papers. Topics such as microbial physiology, ecology, genetics, molecular biology, virology, immunology, or pathogenesis.

#### 492 **Undergraduate Research Seminar**

Spring. 1(2-0) P: MMG 499 or MMG 499H R: Open to students in the Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics or in the Lyman Briggs Genomics and Molecular Genetics Coordinate Major. SA: MIC 492

Presentation and group discussion of undergraduate research results.

#### Undergraduate Research 499

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 3 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all dent may earn a maximum or 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open to students in the Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics or in the Lyman Briggs Environmental/Biology/Microbiology Coordinates nate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Genomics and Molecular Genetics Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Microbiology Coordinate Major. SA: MIC 499

Participation in a laboratory research project.

#### 499H **Honors Research**

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 3 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open to students in the Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics or in the Lyman Briggs Environmental/Biology/Microbiology Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Genomics and Molecular Genetics Coordinate Major or in the Lyman Briggs Microbiology

Coordinate Major. SA: MIC 499H
Research project with thesis and oral report. A portion of Microbiology or Genomics and Molecular Genetics capstone experience.

### 522

**Medical Microbiology and Immunology** Spring. 5(4-2) R: Open to graduateprofessional students in the College of Osteopathic Medicine or in the College of Human Medicine.

Basic principles of microbiology (bacteriology, virology, mycology and parasitology) and immunology and their relation to disease in humans.

### 531

Medical Immunology
Fall. 2(2-0) R: Open to graduateprofessional students in the College of Osteopathic Medicine.

Basic principles of immunology. Overview of concepts and terminology in relation to human disease defenses.

### 532

Medical Microbiology
Fall. 2(1-2) R: Open to graduateprofessional students in the College of Osteopathic Medicine.

Basic principles of microbiology including bacteriology, virology, mycology, and parasitology and their relationship to disease in humans.

# Veterinary Microbiology and Immunology

Fall. 4(4-0) R: Open to graduateprofessional students in the College of Veterinary Medicine. SA: MMG 561, MMG 567, MMG 569

Medically important properties of veterinary pathogens. Principles of positive and negative host response.

#### 563 Veterinary Pathogenic Microbiology: Bacteria and Fungi

Fall. 3(3-0) RB: Completion of Year 1 of the graduate-professional program in the College of Veterinary Medicine. R: Open to graduate-professional students in the College of Veterinary Medicine. SA: MMG 567

Etiology, pathogenesis, transmission, pathogenicity, host response, therapy, and control of bacterial and fungal diseases of animals.

#### 565 Veterinary Pathogenic Microbiology: Viruses

Spring. 2(2-0) RB: Completion of Year 1 of the graduate-professional program in the College of Veterinary Medicine. R: Open to graduate-professional students in the College of Veterinary Medicine. SA: MMG 569

Etiology, pathogenesis, pathogenicity, transmission, diagnosis, host response, therapy, and control of selected viral diseases of animals.

### Veterinary Pathogenic Microbiology: **Parasites**

Spring. 3(2-2) R: Open to graduateprofessional students in the College of Veterinary Medicine. SA: MMG 569

Etiology, pathogenesis, transmission, pathogenicity, diagnosis, host response, therapy, and control of selected parasitic diseases of animals.

### **Veterinary Clinical Bacteriology** Clerkship

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3 credits. RB: Completion of semester 5 of the graduate-professional program in the College of Veterinary Medicine.

Guided clinical bacteriology experience.

#### 662 **Clinical Veterinary Virology Clerkship**

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3 credits. RB: Completion of semester 5 of the graduateprofessional program in the College of Veterinary Medicine.

Guided clinical virology experience.

#### Veterinary Clinical Parasitology 664 Clerkship

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3 credits. RB: Completion of semester 5 of the graduateprofessional program in the College of Veterinary Medicine.

Guided clinical parasitology experience.

#### Veterinary Microbiology Clerkship 690

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 6 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. RB: Completion of 5 semesters of the graduate-professional program in the College of Veterinary Medicine. SA: MPH 690

Laboratory-based investigation of microbiological problems pertinent to veterinary medicine.

### Integrative Microbial Biology

Fall. 4(4-0) Not open to students with credit in MMG 821 or MMG 829 or MMG 841 or MMG 827.

Structural, metabolic, phylogenetic, and genomic diversity of microbes and microbial communities. Microbial ecology, evolution, and behavior. Regulation of gene expression. Microbial interactions with other microbes, animals, or plants

### 803

**Topics in Integrative Microbial Biology** Fall, Spring. 2(2-0) A student may earn a maximum of 10 credits in all enrollments for this course. P: MMG 801 or concurrently

In-depth study of a particular topic from integrative microbial biology.

### 810 Theories and Practices in Bioinformatics

Spring of odd years. 3(2-2) Interdepartmental with Biochemistry and Molecular Biology and Plant Biology. Administered by Plant Biology. RB: Basic genetics, macromolecules, evolution, energy metabolism, genetic materials, and signal transduction is recommended for non-biology majors. A statistic course covering random variable, distributions, and basic probability theory is recommended for biology majors.

Theories and algorithms behind bioinformatics tools.

Theories and algorithms behind bioinformatics tools. Basic tool development by writing scripts in the Python programming language for data analysis.

### 813 Molecular Virology

Spring of even years. 3(3-0) R: Open only to graduate students in the Colleges of Human Medicine, Osteopathic Medicine, Veterinary Medicine, Natural Science, and Agriculture and Natural Resources. SA: MPH 813

Molecular nature and biochemistry of replication of animal viruses. Current advances, research concepts, and the role of viruses in molecular biology research.

### 825 Cell Structure and Function

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Biochemistry and Molecular Biology and Physiology. Administered by Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. RB: BMB 401 or BMB 461. SA: BCH 825

Molecular basis of structure and function. Cell properties: reproduction, dynamic organization, integration, programmed and integrative information transfer. Original investigations in all five kingdoms.

### 833 Microbial Genetics

Fall. 3(3-0) R: Open only to graduate students in the Colleges of Human Medicine, Osteopathic Medicine, Veterinary Medicine, Natural Science, and Agriculture and Natural Resources. SA: MPH 833

Gene structure and function. Genetic regulation at classical and molecular levels in prokaryotes and lower eukaryotes.

### 835 Eukaryotic Molecular Genetics

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Genetics. Administered by Microbiology and Molecular Genetics. RB: BMB 462 and ZOL 341 R: Open only to graduate students in the colleges of Agriculture and Natural Resources, Engineering, Human Medicine, Natural Science, Osteopathic Medicine, and Veterinary Medicine.

Gene structure and function in animals, plants, and fungi. Basic aspects of modern human genetics and the genetic basis for disease. Molecular genetic analyses. Eukaryotic modeling systems.

### 837 Human Molecular Genetics

Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) RB: MMG 835 or comparable background in genetics.

Discovery and function of genetic factors involved in human diseases and traits. Biological and clinical questions addressed by human genetic analyses and the types of approaches used.

### 845 Multi-disciplinary Research Methods for the Study of Evolution

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Computer Science and Engineering and Zoology. Administered by Computer Science and Engineering.

Techniques for engaging in multi-disciplinary research collaborations, including biology, computer science, and engineering. Students engage in group projects to answer fundamental questions about the dynamics of actively evolving systems including both natural and computational. Multi-disciplinary teams will learn to overcome discipline-specific language and conceptual issues. Experimental design, statistical analysis, data visualization, and paper and grant writing for multi-disciplinary audiences.

### 851 Immunology

Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) R: Open only to graduate students in the Colleges of Human Medicine, Osteopathic Medicine, Veterinary Medicine, Natural Science, and Agriculture and Natural Resources. SA: MPH 851

Functional aspects of immune responses; synthesis, structure, and function of effector molecules; cell-cell interactions; current advances and research techniques.

# 855 Molecular Evolution: Principles and Techniques

Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Plant Biology and Zoology. Administered by Zoology. RB: ZOL 341 or ZOL 445

Current techniques used to characterize and compare genes and genomes. Genetic variation, assays of variation. Data analysis and computer use to conduct a phylogenetic analysis to compare organisms and infer relationships.

### 861 Advanced Microbial Pathogenesis

Spring of odd years. 3(3-0) RB: MMG 461 or MMG 409

Molecular basis of microbial virulence. Virulence factors of microorganisms and the relationship of these factors to disease; host-pathogen interactions.

### 890 Special Problems in Microbiology

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 6 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 16 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open to masters students in the Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics. SA: MIC

Individualized laboratory or library research.

### 892 Seminar

Fall, Spring. 1(1-0) A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open only to graduate students in the College of Agriculture and Natural Resources or College of Engineering or College of Human Medicine or College of Natural Science or College of Osteopathic Medicine or College of Veterinary Medicine. SA: MPH 892

Student review and presentation of selected topics in microbiology and public health.

### 899 Master's Thesis Research

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 12 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 36 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open only to graduate students in the Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics. SA: MPH 899

Master's thesis research.

### 991 Topics in Microbiology

Fall, Spring. 1 to 3 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. SA: MPH 991

Topics are selected from traditional subdisciplines such as bacteriology, virology, cell biology, and immunology or from transecting subdisciplines such as microbial genetics, physiology, molecular biology and ecology.

#### 999 Doctoral Dissertation Research

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 24 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 36 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open to graduate students in the Genetics Major or in the Microbiology and Molecular Genetics Major.

Doctoral dissertation research.