GEOGRAPHY

GEO

Department of Geography College of Social Science

113 Introduction to Economic Geography

Fall, Spring. 3(3-0)

Spatial distribution of resources, population, enterprise, trade, consumption, and production. Interaction of those distributions at local to global scales.

151 **Cultural Geography**

Fall, Spring of even years. 3(3-0)

Systematic approach to the spatial distribution of cultural features, processes, and relationships.

203 Introduction to Meteorology

Fall. 3(3-0)

Fundamentals of meteorology. Energy balance, adiabatic processes, horizontal motion, cyclogenesis, and severe weather.

World Regional Geography 204

Fall. 3(3-0)

In a time of increasing globalization of economic, political and technological processes, different societies on different continents are responding in various ways. This course explores the conditions that contribute to diversity in different world regionsincluding economic, social, political and environmental processes.

Physical Geography 206

Fall, Spring. 3(3-0)

Geographic and functional interrelationships within the physical environment: Earth-sun relationships, weather, climate, soils, vegetation and landforms (terrain characteristics).

206L **Physical Geography Laboratory**

Fall, Spring. 1(0-2) P: GEO 206 or concurrently

Geographic aspects of weather, climate, soil, vegetation, and terrain. Interpretation and application of maps and remotely sensed imagery.

208 **Physical Geography of the National Parks**

Fall of odd years. 2(2-0) Interdepartmental with Park, Recreation and Tourism Resources. Administered by Geography.

Physical features such as geology, landforms, biota, and waters of United States and Canadian national parks, forests, seashores and lakeshores. Emphasis on formation and distribution.

221 Introduction to Geographic Information

Fall, Spring. 3(2-2) SA: GEO 223, GEO 225 Principles and methods of spatial data collection, handling, analysis, and display. Introduction to remote sensing, geographic information systems, and cartography.

Geography of Recreation and Tourism 259

Fall of even years. 3(3-0) Cultural, physical, and biotic factors affecting the distribution of recreation and tourism resources and participation, U.S. and international examples and case studies.

306 **Environmental Geomorphology**

Spring of odd years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Geological Sciences. Administered by Geography. P: CSS 210 or GEO 206 or GEO 333 or GLG 201 or GLG 304 or ISP

Relationships of running water, weathering, gravity, ice, waves, wind, and biota (including humans) to terrain and soils. Evolution of landscapes. Classical and modern interpretations.

Methods for Investigation of Urban Systems

Spring. 4(3-2) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. Administered by Urban Planning. P: STT 201 and CSE 101

Models, approaches, and techniques for urban and regional problem analysis, research, program evaluation, and project management. Application of related computer software.

Remote Sensing of the Environment

Fall. 4(2-4) SA: GEO 224

Features and interpretation methods of remotelysensed imagery, especially black-and-white and color infrared airphotos. Basic features of radar, thermal, and multispectral imagery. Interpretation for agriculture, archaeology, fisheries, forestry, geography, landscape architecture, planning, and wildlife management.

325 **Geographic Information Systems** Fall. 3(2-2) P: GEO 221

Technical, and theoretical issues in the design, implementation, and use of geographic information systems for research and applications.

330 Geography of the United States and Canada

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0) SA: GEO 230 Regional analysis. Evolution and status of environmental, demographic, economic, and sociocultural patterns and processes.

333 Geography of Michigan and the Great Lakes Region

Spring. 3(3-0) SA: GEO 233

Michigan's physical, historical, and economic geography. Interrelationships between the physical environment (rocks, landforms, soils, climate, vegetation, hydrology) and historical and contemporary land uses. Demographic and agricultural patterns. Human history and settlement patterns. Contemporary recreational opportunities.

Geography of Latin AmericaFall. 3(3-0) P: Completion of Tier I writing requirement. R: Not open to freshmen.

Physical and human geography of Latin America. Current development issues, especially peopleenvironment interaction in urban and rural areas. Topics include migration, urbanization, and industrialization.

Geography of Europe

Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) P: Completion of Tier I writing requirement. R: Not open to

Major regions and nations, including their physical resources, peoples, political structures, and econo-

Geography of Asia-Pacific (I) 337

Spring. 3(3-0) P: Completion of Tier I writing requirement. R: Not open to freshmen.

Spatial patterns and processes of economic, urban, human and physical geography in eastern Asia, including China, Korea, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, the Indian subcontinent and other Asian countries. Contemporary regional development.

338 **Geography of Africa**

Fall. 3(3-0) P: Completion of Tier I writing requirement. R: Not open to freshmen.

Physical and human geography of Africa. Current development issues, especially people-environment interaction in urban and rural areas. Topics include drought, agricultural patterns, hunger, rural development, migration, and urbanization.

Geography of the Middle East and North Africa

Spring. 3(3-0)

Physical and human geographies of the Middle East and North Africa. Historical and contemporary topics of ethno-nationalism, religion, state-building, and peace and conflict. Current issues of environment, development, urbanization, and global interac-

363 Introduction to Quantitative Methods for **Geographers**Fall. 3(3-0) RB: Completion of University

mathematics requirement. SA: GEO 463

Quantitative techniques in the analysis and classification of spatial data.

Introduction to Zoogeography

Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Fisheries and Wildlife and Zoology. Administered by Zoology. P: (ZOL 355)

Patterns of geographical distribution of animals and the ecological and historical processes leading to these patterns.

Geography of Plants of North America 401

Spring of even years. 3(3-0) P: GEO 206 R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores.

Geography of Plants in North America, including the ecological processes and human impacts responsble for this geography. Opportunity for field

402 **Agricultural Climatology**

Fall of even years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Biosystems Engineering. Administered by Geography. P: MTH 104 or MTH 110 or MTH 116 R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores.

Relationships between climate and agriculture in resource assessment, water budget analysis, meteorological hazards, pests, crop-yield modeling, and impacts of global climate change.

Weather Analysis and Forecasting 405

Spring of odd years. 4(3-2) P: GEO 203 and (MTH 110 or MTH 116)

Dynamic and thermodynamic principles of atmospheric science applied to the development and evolution of extratropical cyclones. Laboratory sessions include analysis of current observations and satellite imagery

407 Regional Geomorphology of the United

Spring of odd years. 3(3-0) P: GEO 306 or GLG 201 or GLG 412 or ISP 203A or ISP

Geomorphic characteristics of physiographic regions of the United States.

408 Soil Geomorphology Field Study

Fall. 4(2-4) P: CSS 210 or GEO 306 or GLG 201 or GLG 412 or ISP 203A or ISP 203B R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores.

Common geographic relationships among soils, landforms, and vegetation in lower Michigan. Description, analysis, and genesis of soils and landscapes. Surficial processes.

409 **Global Climate Change and Variability**

Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) P: GEO 206 Analysis of climate change and variability at various time and space scales. Climate systems, paleoclimatology, global warming, climate models, and climate impact assessment.

410 Geography of Food and Agriculture

Fall. 3(3-0) P: Completion of Tier I Writing Requirement RB: GEO 113 or GEO 151 or GEO 204 or GEO 206 or ISS 310 R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores.

Spatial patterns of contemporary global agriculture and food systems. Human-environment geography of select agricultural practices and food systems. Effects of agricultural practices on natural and human resources.

412 Glacial Geology and the Record of Climate Change

Spring. 4(3-2) Interdepartmental with Geological Sciences. Administered by Geological Sciences. RB: GLG 201 or GEO 306 or GEO 408 R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores

In-depth analysis of glacial geology and the record of climate change, with emphasis on North America and Europe. Laboratory focuses on processes. One weekend field trip required.

Urban Geography 413

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. Administered by Geography. R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores.

Theories and models of urban spatial form. Underlying structures and processes. Socio-spatial dimensions of modern urbanism. Differentiation and locational conflict in residential, commercial, and industrial space.

414 **Geography of Transportation**

Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. Administered by Geography. P: GEO 113 R: Not open to freshmen.

Spatial principles of transportation. Theories of interaction, network structures, and locationallocation models. Role of transport and transport planning.

415 **Location Theory and Land Use Analysis**

Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. Administered by Geography. P: GEO 113 or UP 201 RB: One of the prerequisites or an introductory ECON course. R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores.

Classical and neoclassical, static and dynamic models of industrial location and spatial organization. Land rent theory. Central place theory. Multilocational organization. Growth transmission.

418 The Ghetto

Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. Administered by Geography. R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores.

Analysis of the ghetto including its spatial organization and structure. Distribution of racial and ethnic populations. Emphasis on U.S. cities.

419 **Applications of Geographic Information** Systems to Natural Resources Management

Spring. 4(2-4) Interdepartmental with Community, Agriculture, Recreation and Resource Studies and Biosystems Engineering and Forestry and Fisheries and Wildlife. Administered by Fisheries and Wildlife. P:

Application of geographic information systems, remote sensing, and global positioning systems to integrated planning and management for fish, wildlife, and related resources.

Cartographic Design and Production

Fall. 4(2-4) P: GEO 221 Elements of map design including planning, layout, typography, color theory and selection, and user issues. Techniques of map production, for both printed and electronic display.

Advanced Remote Sensing

Spring. 4(3-2) RB: GEO 324

Interaction of solar radiation with the atmosphere, lithosphere, hydrosphere, and biosphere. Introductory digital image processing. Earth-resources satellite sensors, data products, and applications. Radar and thermal remote sensing.

425 **Problems in Geographic Information** Science (W)

Spring. 3(2-2) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. Administered by Geography. P: GEO 325 or GEO 492

Advanced theoretical and technical issues in geographic information science utilizing a problems oriented approach. Development and implementation of geographic information science solutions and formal documentation of work.

Thematic Cartography Spring of even years. 4(3-2) P: GEO 221 SA: GEO 326

Principles, techniques, and decision making in thematic mapping. Use of computer-mapping and geographic information systems (GIS) software to produce individual thematic maps and map series. Electronic delivery of thematic maps.

428 **Digital Terrain Analysis**

Fall of even years. 4(3-2) P: GEO 221 and GEO 325 R: Open to juniors or seniors.

Theoretical and technical issues of collection, man-

agement, analysis, and display of terrain data. Application of photogrammetry, geographic information systems, and cartography.

Environmental Ethics (W)

Fall. 3(3-0) P: Completion of Tier I writing requirement. R: Open only to juniors or seniors.

dimensions of environmental and spatial issues and associated public policies

Geography of Michigan Field Study

Summer of even years. 3 credits. P: GEO 333 or approval of department

Field study of Michigan's physical, agricultural, and urban landscapes. Interactions with representatives of agriculture, industry, and government.

435 Geography of Health and Disease

Fall. 3(3-0) R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores.

Spatio-environmental concepts and techniques applied to health problems. Disease transmission cycles, community nutrition, and health-care plannina.

436 **Spatial Analysis of Populations**

Spring. 3(3-0) R: Not open to freshmen or

Concepts and methods to measure and evaluate geo-spatial and temporal trends in populations and their components, such as natality, mortality, migration, and characteristics at different geographic scales. Sources of spatial population data. Visualization and analysis of data in a geographical information system.

440 **Critical Geopolitics**

Spring of even years. 3(3-0) R: Not open to freshmen

Political geographies of origins and conduct of na-Identity-place dynamics. Colonialism tion-states. and imperialism. Geopolitics and geopolitical ideas. Resource and environmental politics. Resistance and terrorism.

441 Geography of Language and Religion

Spring of odd years. 3(3-0) R: Not open to freshmen.

Geographic survey of world languages and religions in terms of their origins, diffusions, and changes, their ecological relationships, and their impacts on spatial organization.

450 Smart Growth and Strategic Land Use **Decision Making**

Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Environmental Economics and Policy and Environmental Studies and Applications and Urban Planning. Administered by Environmental Studies and Applications. RB: EC 201 or UP 201 or GEO 113 R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores.

Theories and models of smart growth and strategic land use planning and decision making. Intergovernmental coordination, regional socioeconomic development and environmental sustainability. Land use research and leadership development.

Metropolitan Environments: Urban Forms and Land Uses

Spring. 3(2-2) P: GEO 221

Land use change, the physical fabric of the city, and the growth of regional centers in the American urban landscape. Issues associated with urban developments, practices and patterns in the 20th century and the resulting metropolitan form and function. Extensive use of geographic information software in spatial analysis.

Geography of Environment and 454 Development

Spring of odd years. 3(3-0) P: GEO 113 or GEO 151 or GEO 330 or GEO 333 or GEO 335 or GEO 336 or GEO 337 or GEO 338

Spatial patterns and processes associated with regional development in selected world areas.

459 **Tourism in Regional Development**

Spring of odd years. 3(3-0) RB: GEO 259 or PRR 213

The role of tourism in regional development. Examples from Michigan, and the United States and other nations. Environmental considerations.

Urban Transportation Planning

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. Administered by Urban Planning. R: Open only to juniors or seniors in the Urban and Regional Planning major or Geo-graphy major or approval of department.

Principles of decision-making in urban transportation planning. Demand and supply analysis, social and environmental impacts, implementation programs, Use of computer models.

480 Senior Seminar (W)

Spring. 3(3-0) P: Completion of Tier I writing requirement. R: Open to seniors in the Geography major.

History, philosophy, and methodology of the geographic discipline as it has evolved within academic and social contexts

485 Senior Seminar in Geography Education

Spring of even years. 3(3-0) P: (GEO 113 or GEO 151) and (GEO 204 and GEO 206 and GEO 221 and (GEO 330 or concurrently) and (GEO 333 or concurrently)) R: Open only to students in the Geography disciplinary teaching minor.

Geography educational standards will guide the development of knowledge and technical expertise of future K-12 teachers. Emphasis will be on continued learning of geography, integration of physical and human concepts, the role of representation (maps, etc.), and the use of current events, local observations, and technology to integrate geography into the K-12 curriculum.

Independent Study 490

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 12 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Approval of department.

Supervised individual study in an area supplementary to regular courses.

Geographic Research Problems 492

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 12 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores. Approval of department.

Supervised original research on selected aspects of geography.

Remote Sensing Field Techniques

Summer. 2(0-4) P: GEO 424

Collection and processing of field data to coordinate with remotely sensed imagery. Data correction and analysis. The use of global positioning systems (GPS) receivers and of sensors for determining chlorophyll levels and other biophysical properties. Hands-on experiences; considerable time outdoors.

495 Field Study

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 8 credits in all enrollments for this course.

Supervised field study in geography.

498 Internship in Geography

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 8 credits in all enrollments for this course.

Individual experience in geography in an approved

800 The World System of Cities

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Social Science. Administered by Social Science.

20th-century global economic restructuring, and social, economic, and political impacts on regions and cities.

801 Issues in Geographical Information Science

Fall. 3(3-0) P: GEO 221

Manipulation and display of geographic data. Interpreting and using geographic information in social and scientific contexts. Ethical issues associated with geographical information science.

802 **Geospatial Technology**

Fall. 3(3-0) RB: Familiarity with coordinate

Comprehensive introduction to geotechnologies. Concepts and theories of remote sensing to include image interpretation and processing, Global Positioning Systems, spatial data structures, and geographic information systems.

Seminar in Urban and Economic Geography

Spring. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 9 credits in all enrollments for this course. RB: Two of GEO 413, GEO 414, GEO 415, GEO 416, GEO 417, GEO 418.

Review of research on selected topics in urban and economic geography.

Applied Research Methods for Planning and Development

Spring. 3(2-2) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. Administered by Urban Planning. RB: UP 813 R: Open only to graduate students in the Urban and Regional Planning major or Public Administration major or Geography major.

Techniques in urban and regional planning analysis. Forecasting models. Methods of urban project eval-

The World System of Cities

Spring. 3(3-0) R: Open to graduate stu-

Modern global economic restructuring and its social, economic, and political impacts on the world system of cities

819 **Spatial Epidemiology and Medical** Geography

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Epidemiology. Administered by Epidemiology. P: EPI 810 or GEO 435 R: Open to graduate students in the Department of Epidemiology or in the Department of Geography or approval of department. SA: HM 819

Concepts, techniques, and utilization of spatio-epidemiologic analyses for human health.

GIS and Management

Fall. 3(3-0) P: GEO 425 or approval of department RB: Students should be familiar

with GIS Technology
Exploration of the professional field of geographic information science (GIS) career management opportunities, organizational structures, and applications within the public, commercial and academic sectors.

821 **GIS Practicum**

Spring. 3(3-0) P: (GEO 425 or approval of department) and (GEO 820 or approval of department) RB: Students should be knowledgeable in the application of GIS technol-

Instructor-guided geographic information science (GIS) practicum connecting University faculty and students with local communities. Students are assigned a community GIS project and work collaboratively to develop a proposal, manage the project, and present the output.

Monitoring the Biosphere from Space

Spring of even years. 3(3-0) P: GEO 424
Remote sensing in support of global and other environmental change research. Observing patterns in satellite imagery and linking them with human processes. Monitoring Earth from space at variable spatial and temporal scales. Advanced digital image processing, information extraction, interpretation, and applications.

825 Geoprocessing

Spring. 4(4-0)

Integration of digital remote sensing data, geographic information systems, spatial analysis, and expert systems in solving research problems. Class research project.

826 Seminar in Cartography and Geoprocessing

Spring. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 9 credits in all enrollments for this course.

Review of research in cartography, geographic information systems, and remote sensing.

Digital Image Processing and Analysis Fall. 4(2-4) P: GEO 424 827

Use of computer to classify and enhance satellite images and to extract information from them. Combining images from different sources. Accuracy assessment of resulting information.

835 Biogeography

Spring of odd years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Fisheries and Wildlife and Plant Biology and Zoology. Administered by Fisheries and Wildlife. RB: Courses in evolution and ecology at undergraduate level.

Geographical distributions of plants and animals; biogeographic realms. Ecological and evolutionary mechanisms determining distributional patterns.

Application of biogeography to conservation prob-

Economics of Planning and Development 854

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. Administered by Urban Planning. RB: UP 801

The physical urban environment and local economic

858 Gender, Justice and Environmental Change: Issues and Concepts

Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Anthropology and Environmental Studies and Applications and Forestry and Fisheries and Wildlife and Sociology. Administered by Fisheries and Wildlife. RB: Background in social science, environmental science, or natural resources.

Issues and concepts related to gender, ecology, and environmental studies. Key debates and theoretical approaches to addressing environmental issues from a gender and social justice perspective. Gender and environment issues and processes from a global perspective.

859 Gender, Justice, and Environmental Change: Methods and Application

Spring of even years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Anthropology and Forestry and Fisheries and Wildlife and Resource Development and Sociology. Administered by Anthropology. RB: Background in social science, environmental science, or natural

Methods and case studies related to gender, ecology, and environmental studies. Methodological and fieldwork issues from a feminist perspective in international and intercultural contexts. Qualitative and quantitative methods for integrating social and environmental data.

865 Advanced Quantitative Methods in

Geography
Spring. 4(4-0) RB: GEO 465
Statistical and mathematical approaches. Multiple regression, principal components and factor analysis, discriminant analysis. Related taxonomic me-

Geography—GEO

866 Spatial Data Analysis

Spring. 4(3-2) Interdepartmental with Statistics and Probability. Administered by Geography. RB: (GEO 463 or STT 421 or STT 430) or or equivalent quantitative methods courses SA: GEO 466

Theory and techniques for statistical analysis of point patterns, spatially continuous data, and data in spatial zones.

868 Spatial Regression and Modeling

Fall. 3(3-0) P: GEO 865 or approval of department RB: Linear regression and data analysis at graduate level SA: GEO 867

Using spatial regression to address geographic problems. Modeling spatial processes with continuous and discrete dependent variables. Maximum likelihood estimation. Bayesian approaches.

871 Seminar in Physical Geography

Fall. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. RB: at least one course in physical geography R: Approval of department.

Research on topics in physical geography.

872 Seminar in Human Geography

Fall. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. RB: at least one course in human geography R: Approval of department.

Research on topics in human geography.

873 Seminar in Human-Environment Geography

Spring. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. RB: at least one course in human geography and one course in physical geography. R: Approval of department.

Research on topics in human-environment geography.

874 Seminar in Geographic Information Science

Spring. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. RB: at least one course in geographic information science, cartography or remote sensing R: Approval of department.

Geographic information science (GIS) applications to social and environmental problems. Theory and related issues.

875 Tourism and Global Change

Spring of odd years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Community, Agriculture, Recreation and Resource Studies. Administered by Community, Agriculture, Recreation and Resource Studies.

Inter-relationship among tourism and economic, social, political, and environmental forces. Local, national, and international levels. Focus on vulnerable, less developed regions with the lowest natural levels of adaptation to global, social, and environmental change.

886 Research Design in Geography

Spring. 3(3-0)

Research and writing in geography. Identification of geographic problems and their relative importance. Structuring and stating hypotheses. Data acquisition and tests for validity.

890 Advanced Readings in Geography

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 8 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 12 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Approval of department.

Advanced independent readings.

892 Advanced Research in Geography

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 12 credits in all enrollments for this course.

Advanced independent research.

899 Master's Thesis Research

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 12 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 99 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open only to graduate students in the Geography major.

Master's thesis research.

986 Theory and Methods in Geography

Spring. 3(3-0) R: Open only to doctoral students in the Geography major.

Historical development of the discipline within social and intellectual contexts. Current methodological and philosophical approaches to geographic research.

999 Doctoral Dissertation Research

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 24 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 99 credits in all enrollments for this course.

Doctoral dissertation research.